

Moderator | Emilio Segura López

Director | Isabella Peña

Committee | JWC (CIA)

Topic | Cuban Missile Crisis



DISCLAIMER: This committee is situated on October 24, 1962, any comment or action of further dates will be prohibited and points will be deducted.

I. Letter to Delegates

To the representatives, from your dear chair....

Hello and welcome to "SPISMUN2024". We are so happy to have you as a general of the JWC committee (CIA).

My name is Emilio Segura, and I will be your moderator in this simulation and will be giving the word during these two days of debate. I would like to present your director supervising the committee, Isabella Peña, who will be assisting as the chair of our committee.

Your presence will be significant in solving our historical topic, which is the "Cuban Missile Crisis," and proposing solutions and other ideas to win against the KGB committee that will be our direct enemy in this MUN.

This topic happened back in 1962, after World War II and during the Cold War between the USA and the USSR.

We are very excited to have you here; our goal is to have you satisfied with the flow of the debate and the MUN in general. Feel free to ask any doubts if needed; we will be happy to answer them.

We hope you give your best effort during the simulation and remember to keep your behavior during the whole event, especially during the sessions, since you need to be brief and go to the point to solve the problem as soon as possible.

Good luck, generals.

The chair

II. History of Committee

The Joint War Committee (JWC) was a combined operation of the British Red Cross Society and the Oder of St. John of Jerusalem during both World Wars. It was first created in 1914 and ceased operations when the First World War ended in 1919; the committee was re-formed upon the British entry into World War II in 1939 and was active until its permanent disbandment in 1947.

The CIA, on the other hand, was established on September 18, 1947, by President Harry S. Truman by signing the National Security Act. The act created the CIA as an independent, civilian intelligence agency within the executive branch. Its primary responsibilities included coordinating the nation's intelligence activities, collecting and evaluating intelligence affecting national security, and disseminating intelligence.

Now the Joint War Committee is being reformed one more time to solve the conflict known as "The Cuban Missile Crisis" in favor of the CIA and the agents involved.

III. History of Topic

The Cuban Missile Crisis was a major conflict between the United States and the Soviet Union that took place in October 1962. It is now a 10-day standoff that has brought the world to the worry of a nuclear war.

This conflict was triggered by the discovery of Soviet nuclear missiles in Cuba. The United States considered this a direct threat to its national security and responded with a series of actions to address the situation.

President John F. Kennedy and his team decided to act right away after getting to know that there were Soviet missiles in Cuba. In a speech to the nation on October 22, 1962, President Kennedy announced a naval blockade of Cuba to stop further Soviet supplies.

On October 14, 1962, US surveillance aircraft found Soviet missile sites being built in Cuba.

On October 22, 1962, President Kennedy addressed the public, announcing a naval blockade and disclosing the presence of Soviet missiles in Cuba.

On October 24, 1962, the CIA was still looking for intelligence information against the KGB.

IV. Introduction Topic

The CIA played a significant role during the Cuban Missile Crisis in 1962. The crisis was a tense standoff between the United States and the Soviet Union over the placement of nuclear missiles in Cuba. The CIA provides intelligence and analysis for the US during this critical period of the conflict.

The CIA is continuing to get solutions against the KGB committee in this whole situation since the US needs to have the most control over this situation. We will be trying to recollect more information from the Soviet Union.

The recollection of information, especially security information, is crucial to look for a weak point and eradicate any actions the URSS and Cuba have against the US.

The missiles situated in Cuba have a range enough to reach many states in the US and some in Mexico. Action needs to be taken immediately to avoid the destruction of any city, town, or state in the USA.

The missiles can kill many people and destroy millions of lives.

Cuba, as a now-communist country, is allied with the USSR, and the US could be in more danger, so as the CIA, we are in charge of the defense of the whole country.

V. Current Status

CIA Action:

On October 24, 1962, the CIA is recollecting more information about the ongoing conflict to avoid its escalation of it. Through the information collected through advanced surveillance techniques such as monitoring and intercepting communications between Soviet and Cuban officials, the CIA has undeniable

proof of the existence of a Soviet presence in Cuba due to photographic evidence of the missile installations.

The agency's purpose is to avoid the escalation of the conflict and the worry of many citizens due to the possible risk of a nuclear war between countries, but with the intelligence possessed by the CIA, the possibility of any further conflict is mainly not possible.

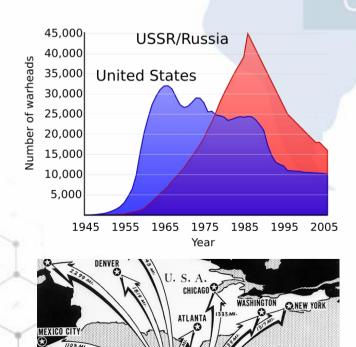
The KGB and Cuban intelligence agencies are collaborating to allow the Soviet Union to have a greater strategic advantage than the USA.

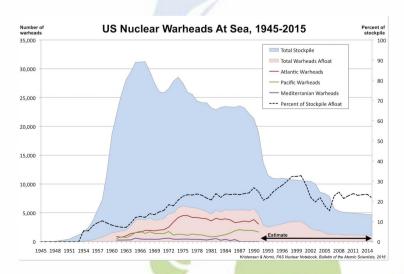
The CIA is monitoring any action both agencies may and could take against the country and, most importantly, against citizen lives.

VI. Guiding Questions

- What actions can the CIA take against the KGB?
- What type of prevention can the committee take?
- Which actions against the CIA are more likely to happen?
- Can the CIA take any action against Cuba?
- What possible clever strategies may the CIA implement?
- Does the KGB have other known strategies?
- Can the CIA do anything to stop worrying the population?
- Can the existence of missiles be diminished?
- How can the committee avoid the intervention of other agencies or countries?
- What can bring the three countries together?

VII. Graphs and Statistics





Thank you, agents. Now that you are informed of the current situation, we'll await your solutions to save America from a catastrophe.

Good luck, generals, on this new adventure that you're going to take on, and welcome to SPISMUN 2024. See you in April!

In case of any doubt CONTACT US!

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VII. Bibliography

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